## **COVID-19 Associated Death Case Definition**

A coronavirus disease 2019-associated death is defined for surveillance purposes as a death resulting from a clinically compatible illness that was confirmed to be COVID-19 by an appropriate laboratory test. There should be no period of complete recovery between the date of COVID-19 diagnosis and the date of death.

A death should not be reported if any of the following are true:

- 1. There is no laboratory or other diagnostic confirmation of SARS-CoV-2 virus infection.
- 2. Novel coronavirus illness is followed by full recovery to baseline health status prior to death.
- 3. After review and consultation there is an alternative agreed upon cause of death.

Laboratory testing for SARS-CoV-2 infection can be from pre- or post-mortem clinical specimens.